

# Python in HEP

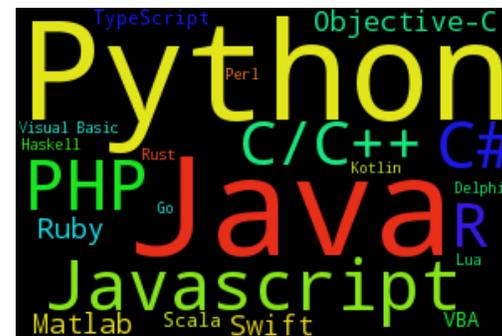
## first workshop, community activities

Eduardo Rodrigues  
University of Cincinnati

LHCb Tuesday Meeting, CERN, 19<sup>th</sup> Sep. 2018

---

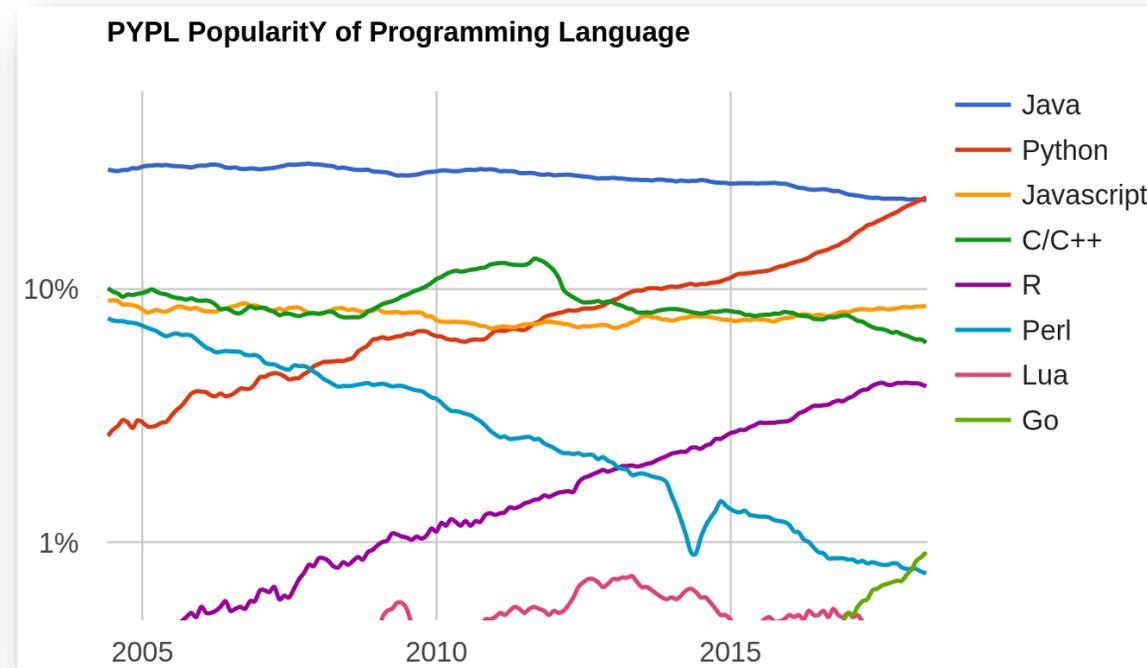
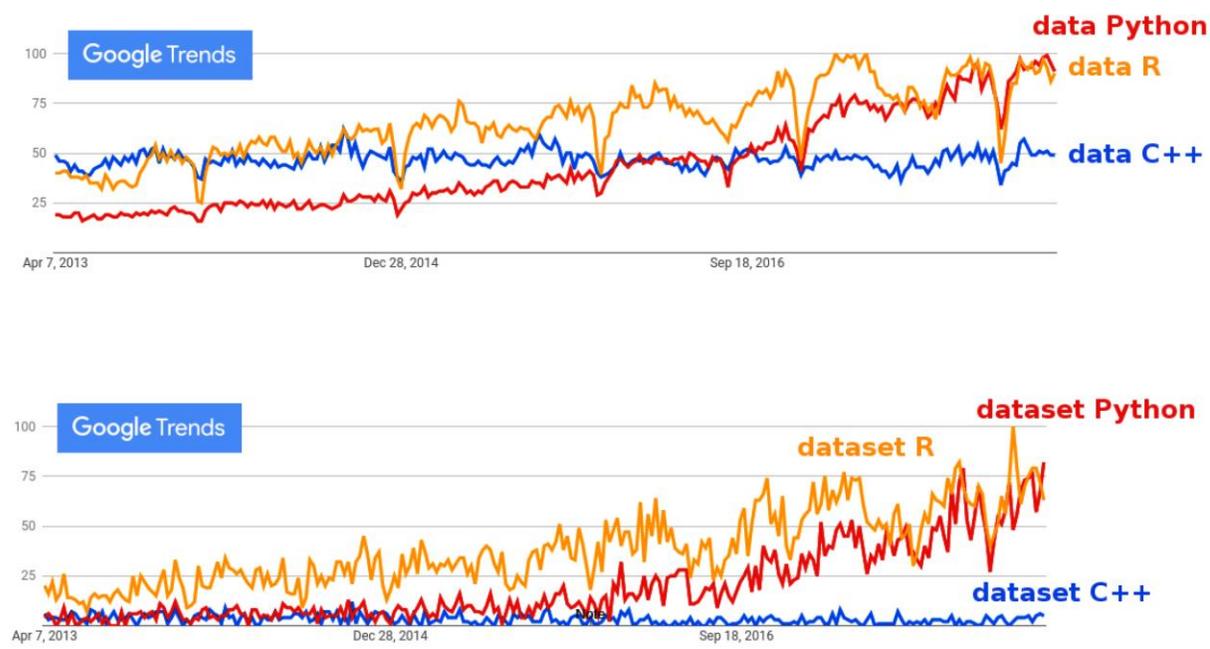
Popularity of  
Programming Language  
<http://pypl.github.io/PYPL.html>



# Python, you say ?

□ Taken from opening talk at [PyHEP 2018 workshop](#), 7-8 July, Sofia, Bulgaria

Pivarski, Jim. (2018, July). The Python Scientific Software Ecosystem: Past, Present and Future. Zenodo. <http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1410167>

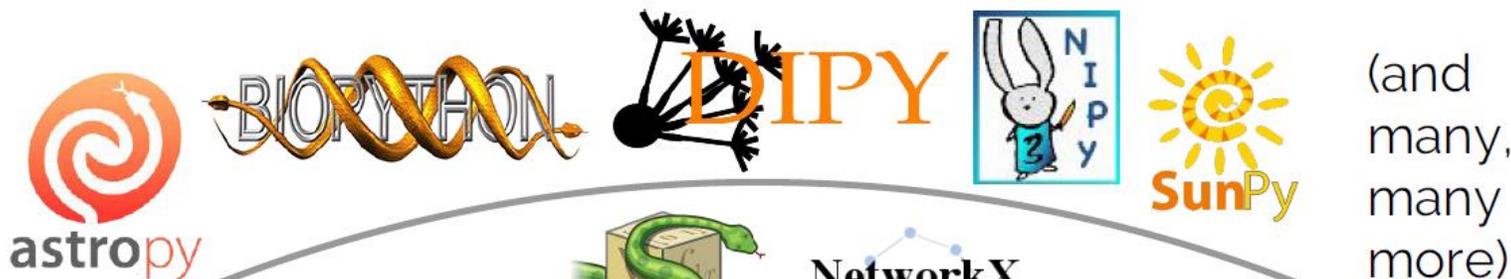


Source: <http://pypl.github.io/PYPL.html>

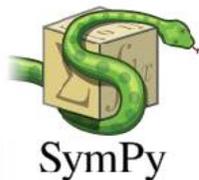
□ Starts to illustrate why I organised a first workshop to look at the role of Python in HEP ... See later ...

# How's the Python scientific ecosystem like, outside HEP?

Domain-specific



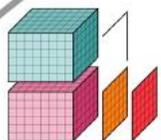
SM StatsModels  
Statistics in Python



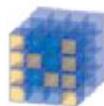
Python's



Scientific



xarray



NumPy



stack

IP[y]:  
IPython



See the Scikit-HEP project [GitHub](#) for a HEP domain-specific community effort ...

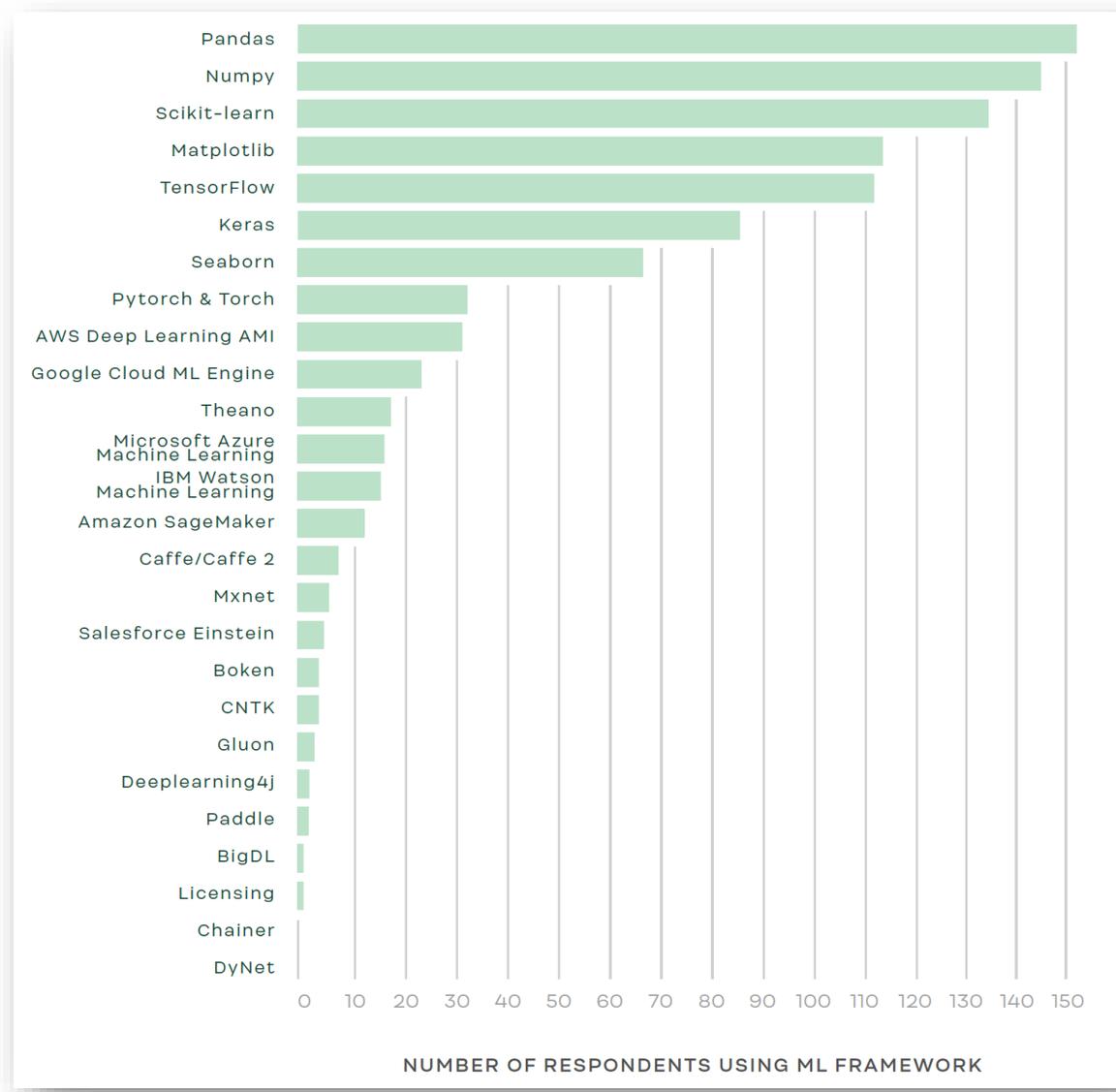
Jake VanderPlas,  
*The Unexpected Effectiveness of Python in Science*,  
PyCon 2017

# Python ML package usage among data scientists

❑ The Python scientific stack really is important, even more if you are thinking about a career outside HEP ...

❑ And since we talk a lot on how to help young people, training on (at least some of) these tools should be seen as very relevant

Taken from:  
figure eight,  
*Data Scientist Report 2018*  
([full report](#))



# Python – in and out of HEP

---

## Outside HEP

- ❑ Has become the lingua franca for data science and machine learning
- ❑ Traditionally, emphasis on developer productivity over code runtime
- ❑ Steering high performance backends gives excellent performance for the right problems
- ❑ See also discussions on need for adequate **Python support in the HSF Community White Paper (CWP)** “A Roadmap for HEP Software and Computing R&D for the 2020s”, HSF-CWP-2017-01, [arXiv:1712.06982 \[physics.comp-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1712.06982) and the supporting paper from the CWP Analysis & Interpretation WG, HSF-CWP-2017-05, [arXiv:1804.03983 \[physics.comp-ph\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1804.03983)

## HEP

- ❑ **Python is a first-class language in HEP**
- ❑ Very popular in analysis and job configuration
- ❑ HEP exploits this route to some extent, but much more to/can be done

# ROOT from Python in LHCb

## Remember:

Hans Dembinski conducted recently an online ROOT survey among LHCb analysts

- Use of ROOT software
- Primary sources for learning and debugging
- Positive and negative experiences with ROOT
- Free comments

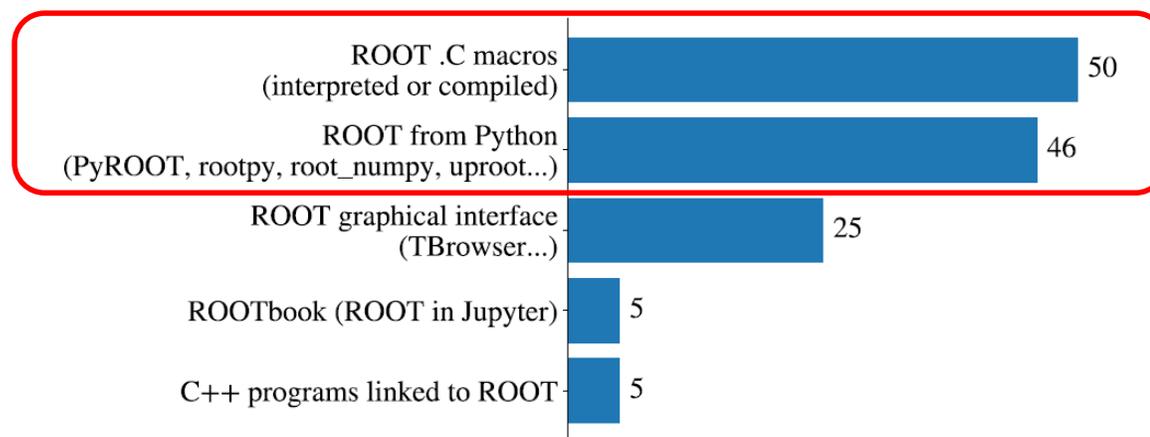
⇒ 74 responses received

- ❑ **ROOT from Python is just as used as is plain C++ !**

Taken from  
Hans Dembinski, *User Feedback from LHCb, ROOT Users' workshop, Sarajevo, Sep. 2018*

## Which ROOT interface are you using mostly?

*multiple answers were possible*



- Python scripts close second to ROOT .C macros
  - ROOT .C macros can be compiled
- Few people use ROOT in Jupyter (but those who do seem to like it a lot)
- Graphical interfaces are frequently used



***PyHERP 2018***  
***Workshop***

Москва  
2018



Workshop

link

## Workshop raison d'être and goals, in brief

- ❑ Step back and **review evolution of Python in the HEP community at large**
  - There are certainly HEP conferences & workshops discussing computing & software but none really devoted to this critical language in analysis
- ❑ **Python clearly identified as first-class language during the [Community White Paper](#) process**
- ❑ Need to consolidate this consensus and **plan the future** directions
  - Where we are going, want to go, need to improve
  - Tools usage, needs and developments, training and education, which Python, etc.
- ❑ **Bring together users and developers** from a wide audience
- ❑ Educational, not just informative, workshop, with **lively discussions** in the many free and dedicated time slots we foresaw

# PyHEP 2018 Workshop – overview

- ❑ 1.5 day workshop
- ❑ Pre-CHEP2018 event @ Sofia, Bulgaria

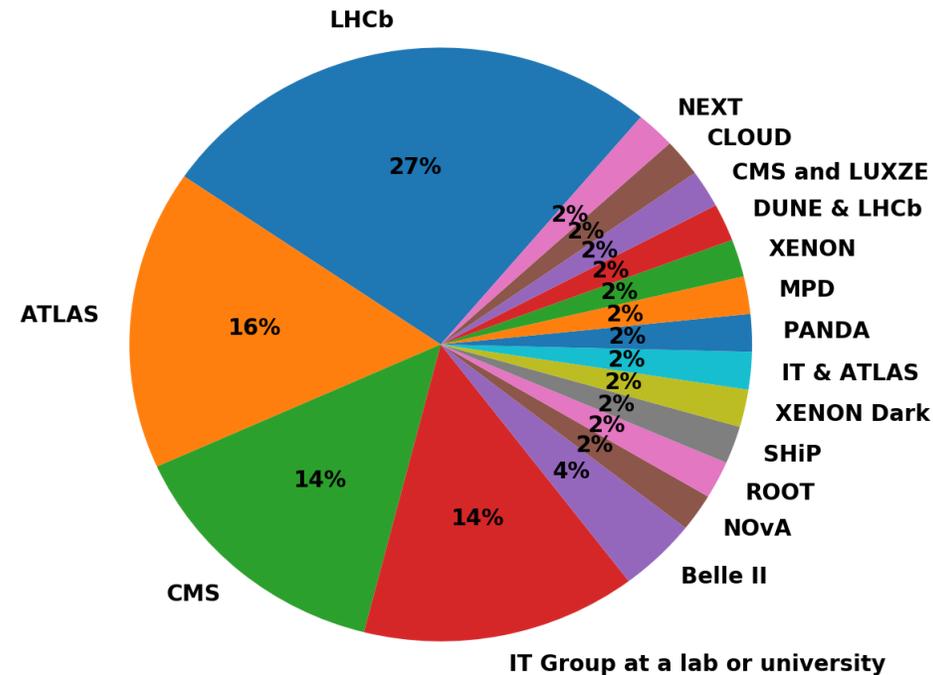
❑ [Indico agenda](#) – for all details

❑ 70 participants

❑ Kind sponsorship from



- ❑ We had a very **diverse set of participants**  
- BTW, excellent contingent from LHCb 🙌 !



(Taken from the pre-workshop questionnaire)

□ Organisation not totally standard – worked really well

## 1. Pre-workshop questionnaire

- To understand the background, interests and concerns of those coming to the workshop
- We hoped it would guide the topics we addressed, and we think it has validated what we put on the agenda
- And could stimulate some discussion...

## 2. Workshop

- Presentation and discussion of results of pre-workshop questionnaire at 1<sup>st</sup> session “Historical perspective / overview”
- 7 Sessions, all plenary, including an open discussion on education and training
- Live notes taken during the sessions, which provided plenty of food for thought

## 3. Post-workshop survey

### Workshop topics / sessions:

Historical perspective / overview

HEP python software ecosystem

Analysis & HEP frameworks

PyROOT and Python bindings

Distribution and installation

Python 2 to 3

Open discussion on education and training

+

Keynote presentation on JupyterLab

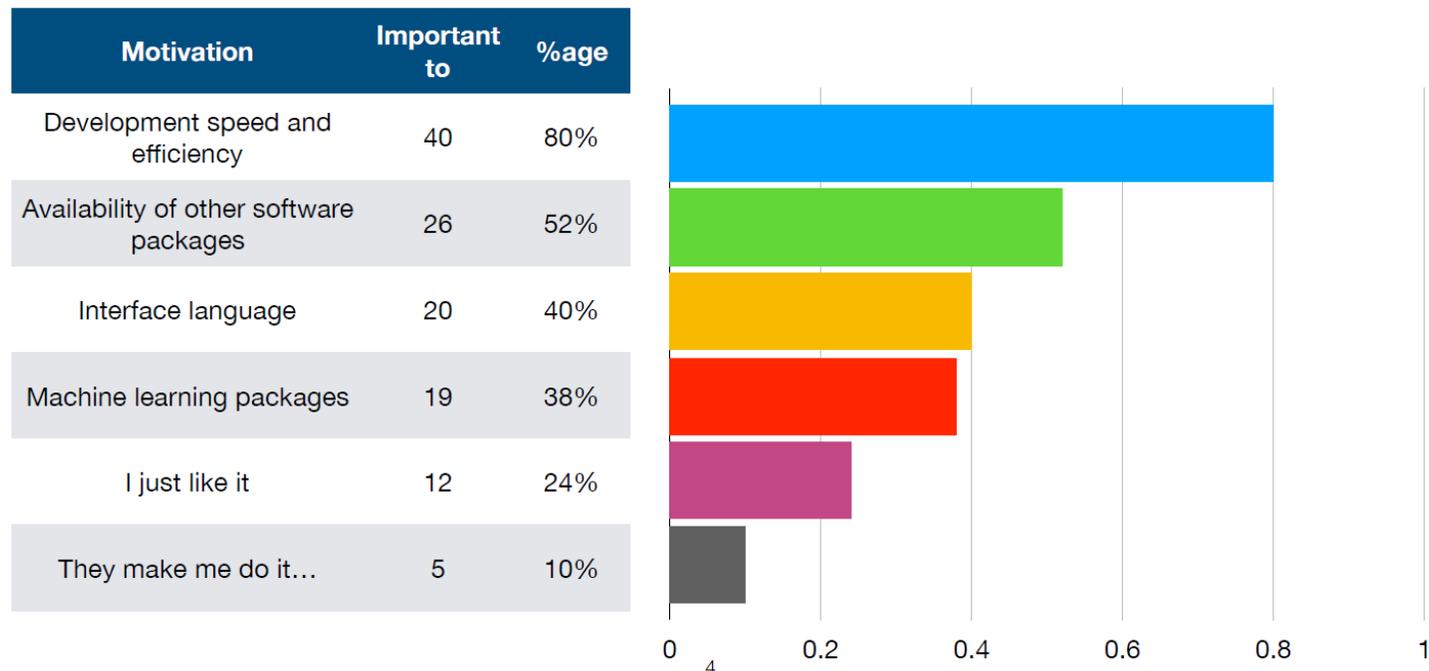
# PyHEP 2018 Workshop – pre-workshop questionnaire

☐ 71% of workshop participants responded

☐ See details in

Stewart, Graeme. (2018, July). PyHEP - Questionnaire and Discussion. Zenodo. <http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1419157>

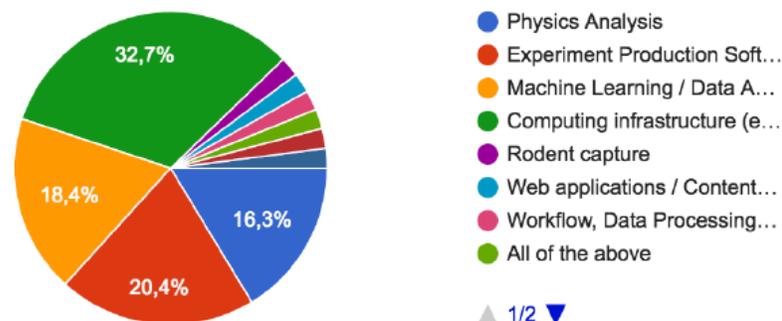
## Motivation to use Python



## What are we using Python for?

How would you characterise your principle use of Python?

49 réponses



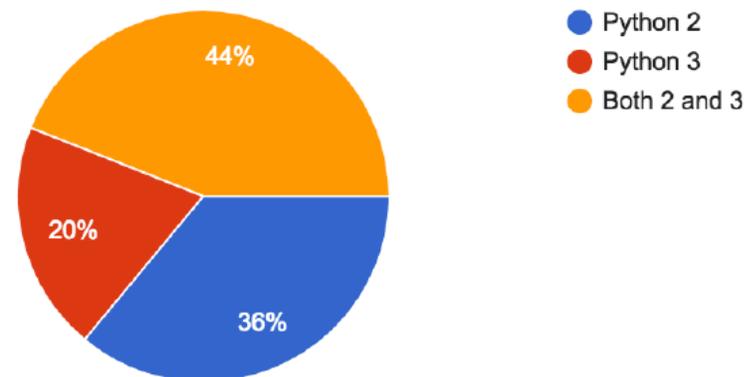
- Lots of physics (no surprise)
- ML, Experiment Production, Physics Analysis
- More infrastructure use than we expected
- But plays to Python's strengths, of course

## 2, 3, 2.5?

- Amongst us there is a very healthy use of Python 3
  - Both 2 and 3 we interpret as “3 when I can, 2 if I have to”
  - Migration to Python 3 is a big concern for the community as we’ll see later

Which major version(s) of Python do you use?

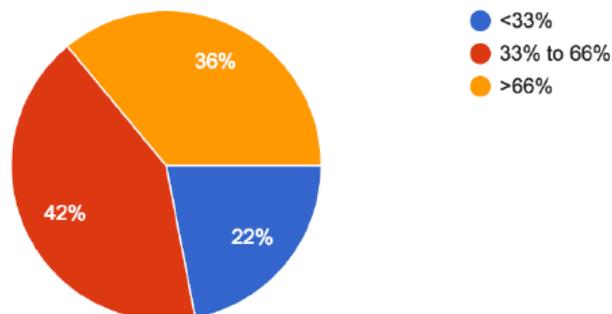
50 réponses



## Use and Evolution

What fraction of your programming is done in Python?

50 réponses

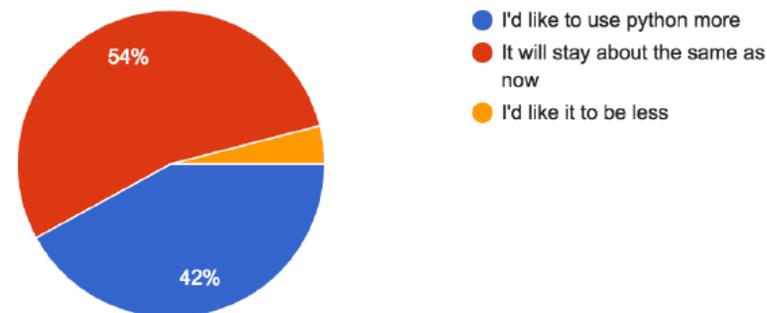


- Anticipating that will stay the same or increase

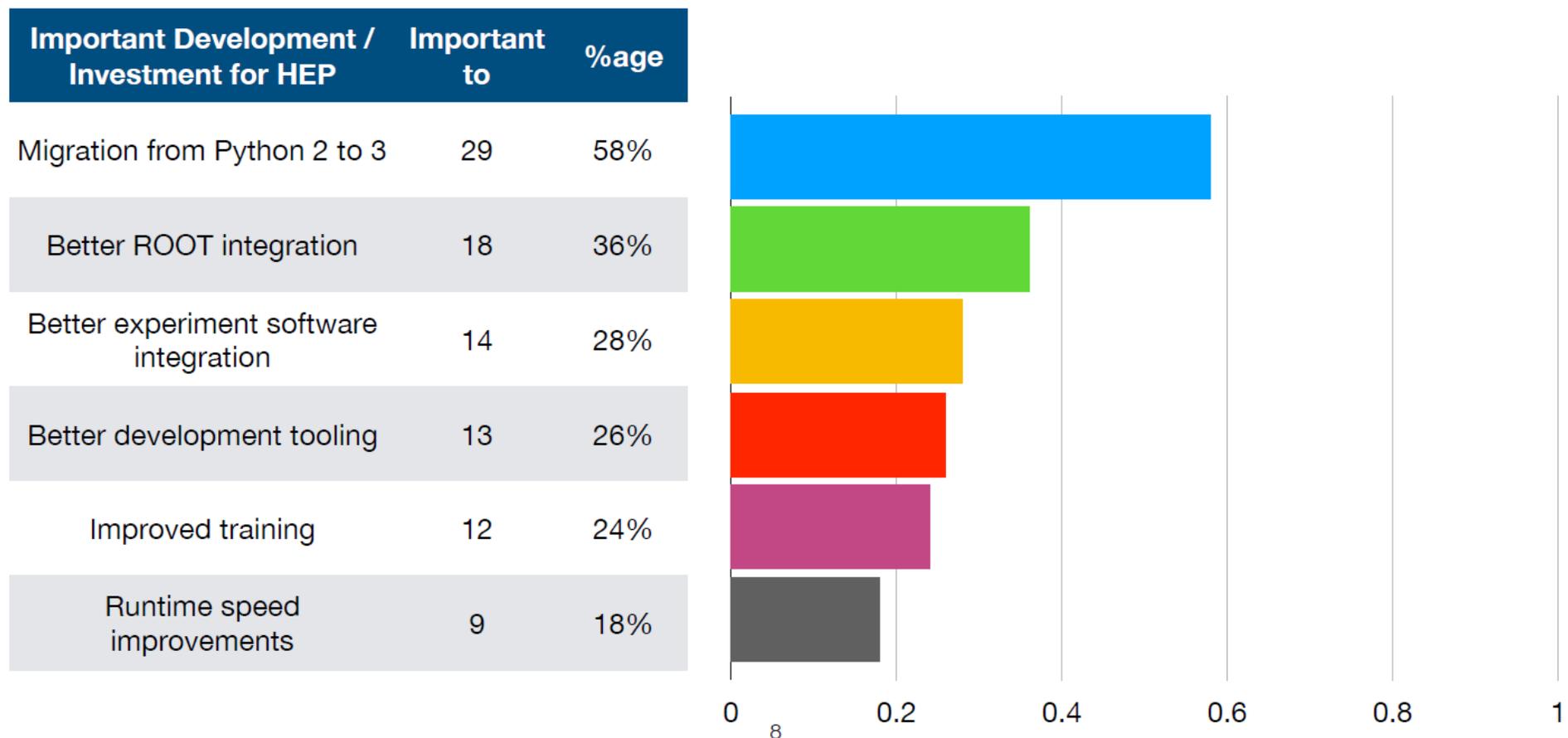
- We do use Python a lot (selection bias!)

In the future, how would you like your use of Python to evolve (as a fraction of your programming time)?

50 réponses



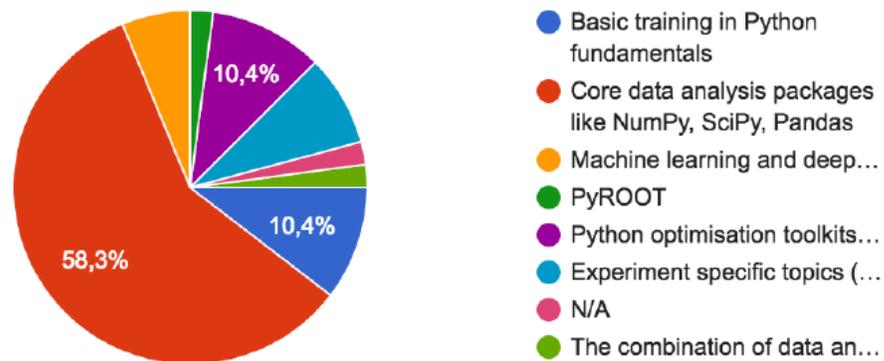
## HEP Investments for the future?



## Training Needs

For training, what do you think is the most urgent training to develop and give in HEP?

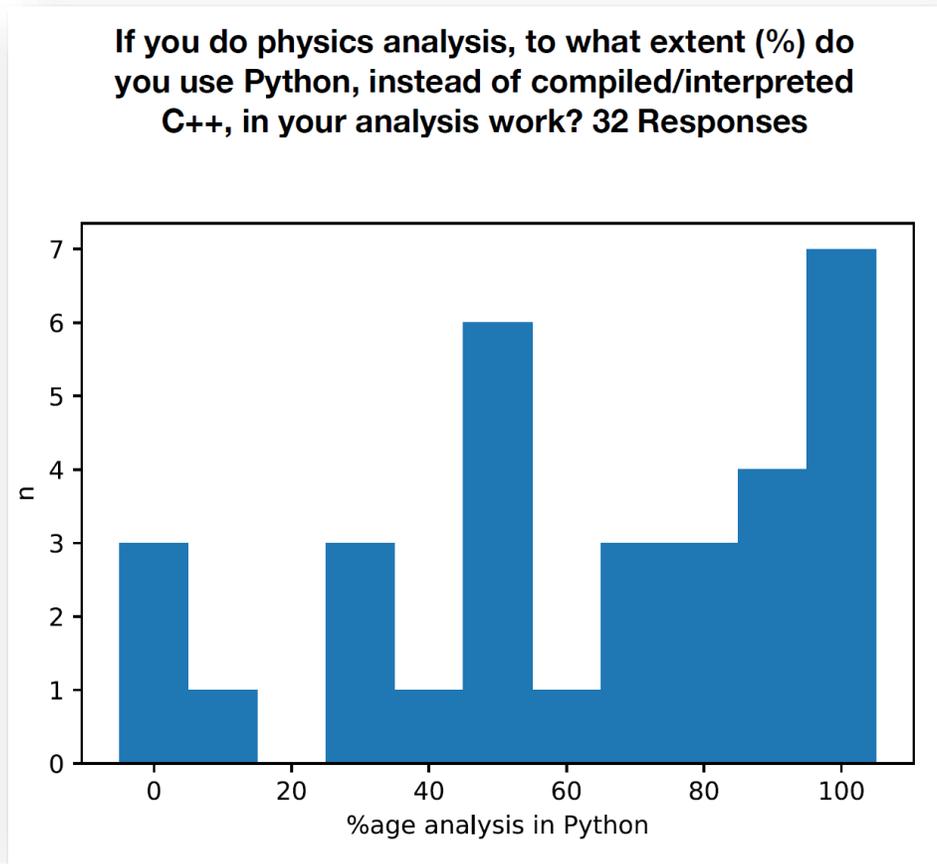
48 réponses



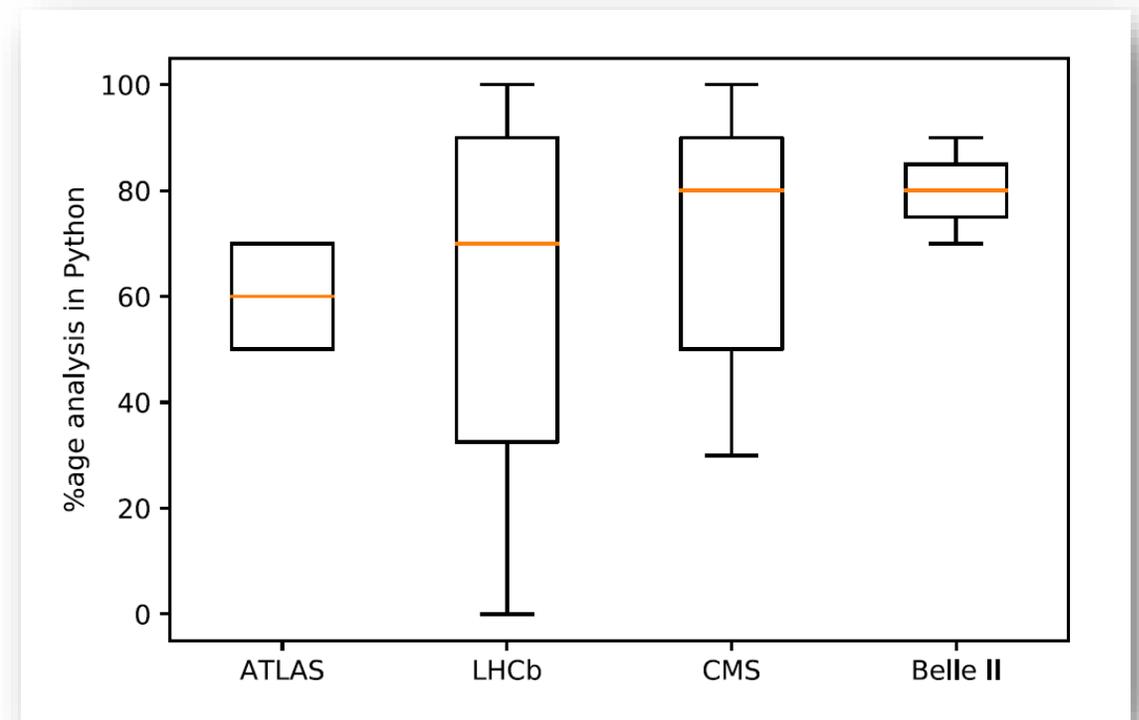
- Very strong interest in Python data analysis ecosystem
- Open question is what is the role of HEP in this sort of training?
- In particular what's the boundary between HEP specific topics and generic ones?

# PyHEP 2018 Workshop – pre-workshop questionnaire

- ❑ Significant use of Python for a significant fraction of analyses



- ❑ Surprisingly little correlation with experiment (caveat for this one question: small statistics)



“Summary and outcomes” taken from:  
Rodrigues, Eduardo, & Stewart, Graeme. (2018, July).  
PyHEP Workshop Summary and Outcomes. Zenodo.  
<http://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1419148>

## Overview

- Python is on an upward trajectory
  - Data science, Machine learning providing strong drivers
- HEP usage is increasing too
  - Coupled to expansion of Python ecosystem, but also building on Python’s traditional strengths
- Notebooks are a huge hit
  - Many thanks to Vidar for the JupyterLab talk
- Pre-workshop questionnaire
  - Training
  - Plotting
    - Galleries are really useful to find examples, didactic too!
  - Installation

## Inventory

- Even we did not know what useful packages are available
- Inventory of tools appropriate to HEP would be great
  - With notebooks and galleries to show how to use them
- Orphaned packages, but still useful?
  - Way to look for a maintainer
  - Scikit-HEP has handed over packages between maintainers
- Repository of expertise in the PyHEP community
  - Ties well with hot topic of education and training across the field

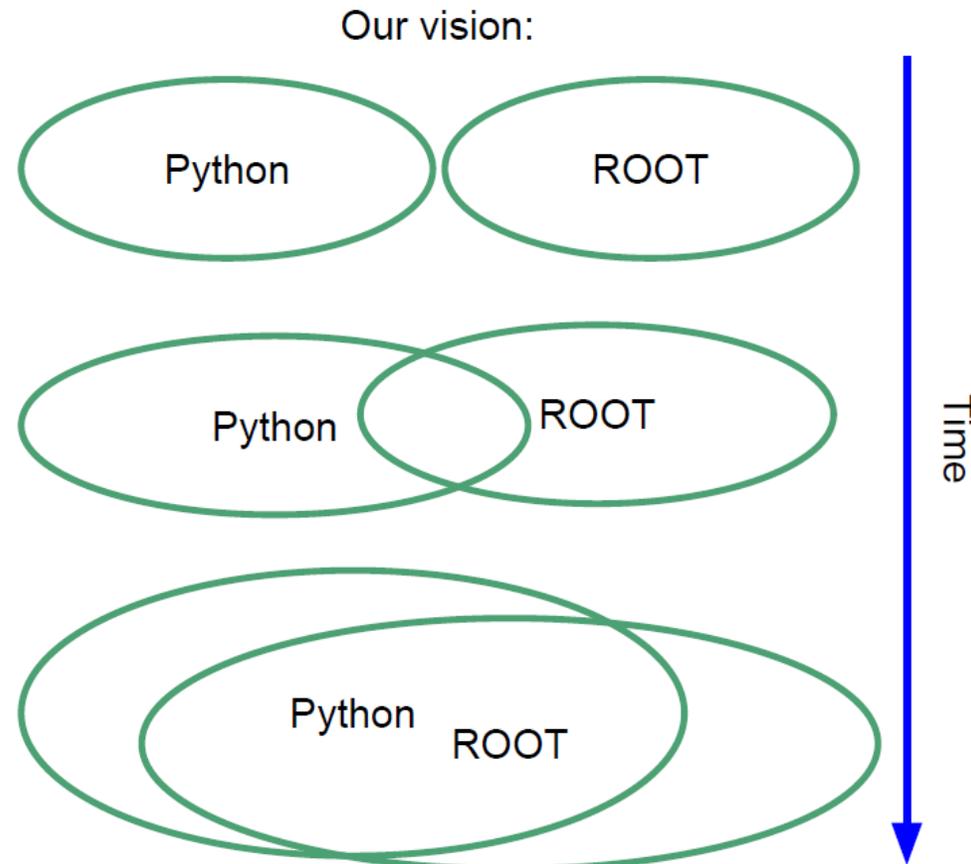
## Experiment and Analysis Directions

- Python is a language that can be used for all the computing
  - End to end
  - Flexible
  - Naturally modular
- The Belle II analysis/training jupyter cluster looks great
- Extensions to full analysis clusters?
  - Need good integration with storage
  - SWAN as an integrated, stable and reproducible environment

*This looks like a key direction, aligned with Community White Paper Roadmap*

## ROOT

- Data model ideal for HEP
- Fitting, histograms best in class
- Heavy component
  - Too burdensome for some small experiments it seems
  - Modularity would help
- Easier ways to install
  - NLeSC effort was greatly appreciated
- cppy is a contribution that is far less well known than it should be
- PyROOT developments exciting
  - Particularly adding pythonisation, to make things natural

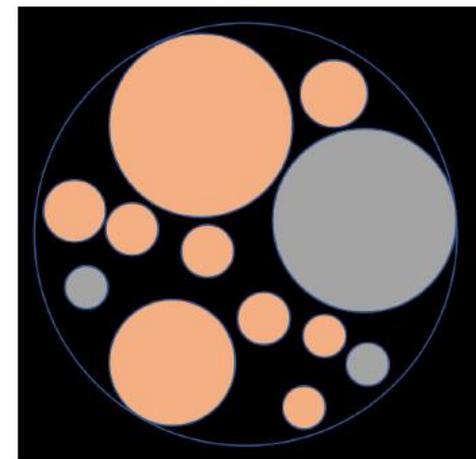


## Training

- The Belle II analysis jupyter cluster looks great
- Extensions to analysis clusters?
  - Need good integration with storage
  - Cf. SWAN
- Using standard Python libraries to achieve HEP workflows is a concern for *our community*
- Training session discussion was brilliant, right!
  - (What do you mean you forgot already what was said?)

## Distribute and Install

- Can we be as standard as possible?
  - CMS using pip + PyPI
- Distributing whole HEP stack is a difficult problem
  - Worse than Python, multidimensional
- Distinguish experiment stack from analysis
  - Toolboxes, not frameworks
  - SWAN encapsulates things really well
  - Daring view: ubiquitous network access + browser...
- Modularity and flexibility of the solution vital
  - [HSF Packaging Group](#) should pay more attention to this



## To Python 3

### Python 2.7 will retire in...

1	5	23	13	10	20
Year	Months	Days	Hours	Minutes	Seconds

Enable Guido Mode [Huh?](#)

- Will be painful for the large pieces, but we just have to do this
  - LS2 project for LHC experiments - having to get to the end of Run 3 with an unsupported Python would be uncomfortable
  - An increasing gap between legacy Python 2 and Python 3 would hurt



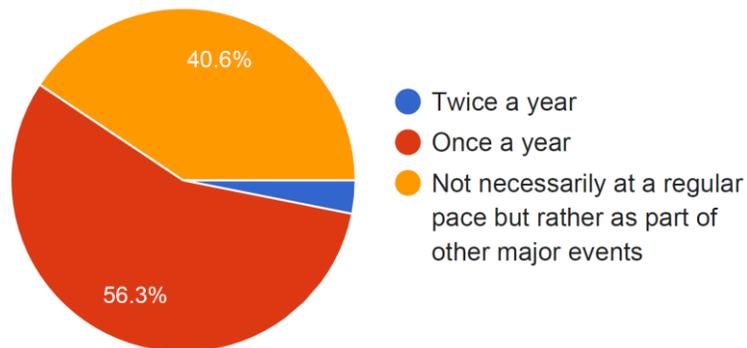
Figure 1-1. Guido van Rossum's PyCon 2014 keynote address (photo credit: David Lesieur 2014, CC-BY-SA)

# PyHEP 2018 Workshop – post-workshop survey

- ❑ Standard survey to assess level of satisfaction of participants

## Main conclusions

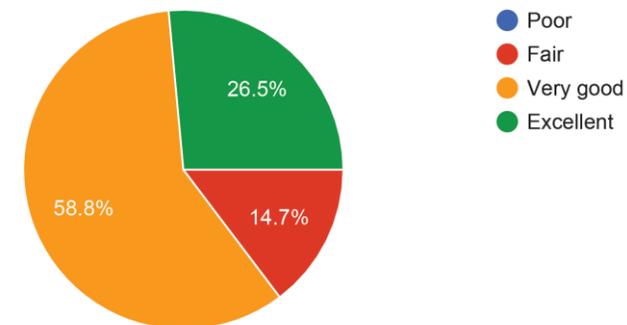
- ❑ Participants largely happy
- ❑ Interest in having more PyHEP workshops



- ❑ Mild interest in occasional 1-hour PyHEP meetings organized by the HSF

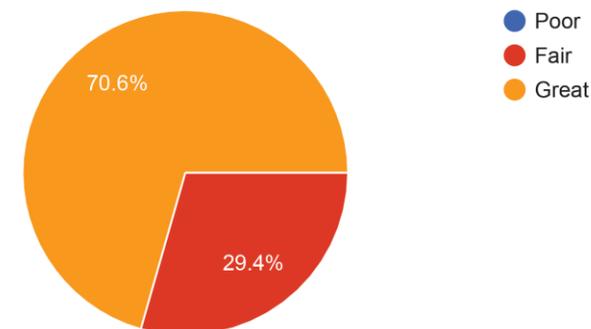
## Overall level of the talks.

34 responses



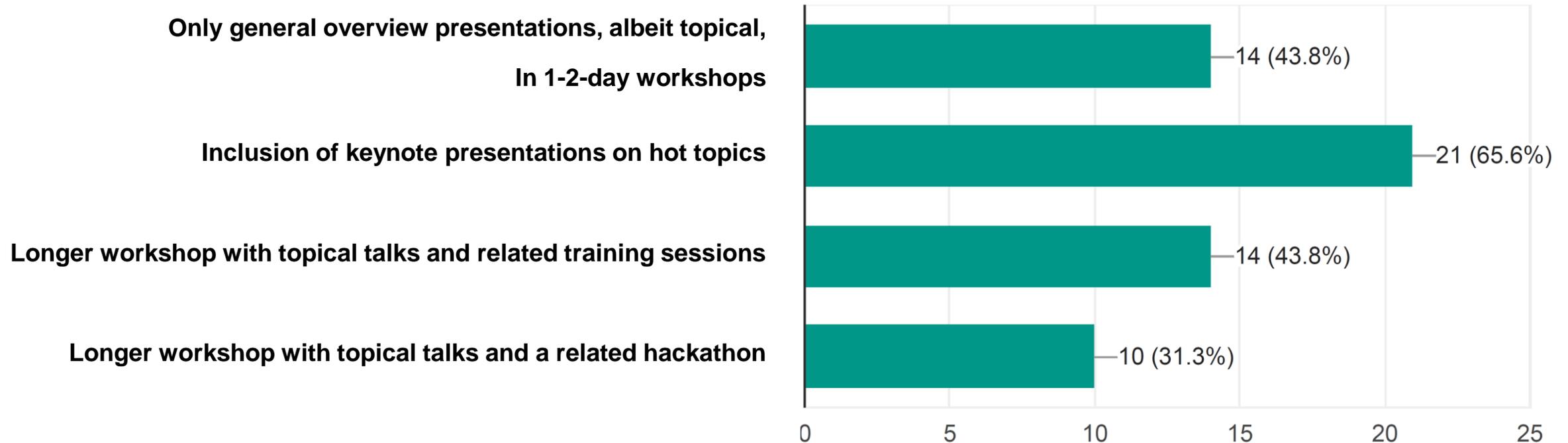
## How did you find the balance of material coverage? (We are aware of the heterogeneity of the participants' backgrounds.)

34 responses



# PyHEP 2018 Workshop – post-workshop survey

## Format of future PyHEP workshops (participants picked 2 preferred options)



***“Python in HEP” community***

***„Βλέρου in HEP” κοινότητα***

# Building a community - communication

---

## *Community "start-up"*

- ❑ Obvious interest from PyHEP 2018 workshop participants in building a community of developers and users
- ❑ Created a (non-formal) coordination team to push activities forward
  - Careful selection of team, to embrace Particle Physics at large
  - So far: Eduardo (LHCb & DIANA-HEP), Graeme Stewart (ATLAS & HSF), Jeff Templon (Nikhef & Grid computing), Chris Tunnell (XENON1T). Person from neutrino community to join soon.
- ❑ Fully in line with the HSF activities & interests, with HSF support

## *Actions, please !*

- ❑ Need a low entry-level and informal way to communicate and exchange ideas, material, etc.
- ❑ We created a ["Python in HEP" Gitter channel](#)



- ❑ Well over 100 messages exchanged already, on a diverse set of topics, from general to technical !
- ❑ Free and trivial sign-in ... (e.g. with a GitHub or GitLab account)

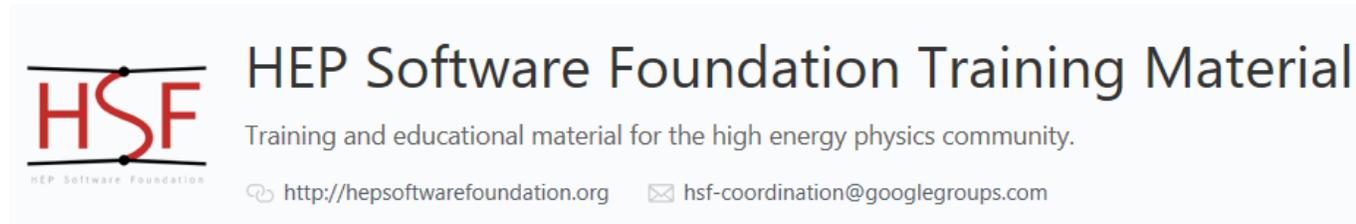
# Building a community – training & education

---

- ❑ Seen as a very important topic
- ❑ General interest in sharing material and knowledge, organise events across experiment boundaries

## *Actions, please !*

- ❑ We created an HSF organisation on GitHub for training and education material: <https://github.com/hsf-training>



- ❑ 2 repositories exist as of today:
  - Good-old LHCb “analysis essentials” course moved to this HSF organisation, see <https://github.com/hsf-training/analysis-essentials>, to push on a community-wide effort around training and education
  - New repository for “Python in HEP” resources: <https://github.com/hsf-training/PyHEP-resources>

# Software – recognition and citations

---

## *Recognition of work in software & computing*

- ❑ Recurrent topic, even more following the preparation and release of the HSF Community White Paper
- ❑ Still a long way to go for software work to be on the same recognition level as analysis and hardware work !

## *Actions, please !*

- ❑ Please cite software-related publications and software packages you use!
- ❑ As far as the PyHEP 2018 workshop goes:
  - We created a [PyHEP2018 community](#) on [Zenodo](#), to collect all talks (there are no proceedings)
  - Each uploaded presentation gets attributed a DOI, for standard citation - nice and easy



# In short

---

- ❑ Feeling the urge to connect and contribute?
- ❑ We are a community ⇒ everybody welcome !
- ❑ Easy, just join and start contributing ... much to take in and give out !



## *Links*

- ❑ Gitter channel [HSF/PyHEP](#)
- ❑ GitHub repository [“Python in HEP” resources](#)

## *Mailing lists*

- ❑ HSF general forum [hsf-forum@googlegroups.com](mailto:hsf-forum@googlegroups.com)
- ❑ PyHEP coordination team: [hsf-pyhep-organisation@googlegroups.com](mailto:hsf-pyhep-organisation@googlegroups.com)

***Thank you***